



# ЛЕТОПИСЬ ПОБЕДЫ ШКОЛЬНЫЙ МУЗЕЙ ГОРОД ХИМКИ



МБОУ СОШ ЛИГА ПЕРВЫХ  
Г. ХИМКИ



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### *Школьные музеи. Химки.*

*2025 год объявлен Годом защитника Отечества. В связи с этим во всех регионах России проводятся различные мероприятия, фестивали, экскурсии, посвященные 80-летию Победы в Великой Отечественной войне.*

*Советский Союз потерял в этой войне больше всего людей. Победа досталась очень большой ценой: погибшие на фронте, убитые мирные граждане, умершие и замученные в концлагерях. Победить любой ценой – вот был приказ.*

*К сожалению, появляется другая тенденция, что все подвергается сомнению, мол, что война, когда это было, нации, потерявшие несколько поколений, так легко забывают об этом.*

*Необходимо рассказывать молодежи, что есть такие понятия как Родина, честь, доблесть и долг. Если мы забудем о страшных годах войны, о своих корнях – это будет непоправимо.*

*Родина – это не просто понятие или слово, нельзя жить по принципу потребителей, поэтому, в первую очередь школа, педагоги и школьные музеи должны напомнить молодому поколению важность быть достойным гражданином своей страны.*

*Освятить информацию на иностранном языке- это одна из форм патриотического воспитания, которому придается важное значение в школе.*

*В городском округе Химки на базе выставочного центра Артишок прошел фестиваль школьных музеев.*

*19 школ городского округа представили свои экспозиции на этом фестивале, гидами выступили сами обучающиеся.*

*Часть экспонатов будет представлена на выставке до июня 2025 года. За время работы выставки ее посетили более 15 тысяч человек.*

*В настоящее время в городе в галерее С.Н. Горшина проходит выставка, посвященная участникам СВО, не прерывается связь поколений.*

*Вся страна готовится к знаменательному событию 80-летию великой Победы и гражданский долг каждого донести до молодежи важность и нужность всех мероприятий, посвященных этому событию.*




*Т.А. Кузнецова, член редакционной коллегии журнала  
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**THE HISTORY MUSEUM OF MAIN DIRECTORATE OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF RUSSIAN FEDERATION (KHMINKI DEPARTMENT)**

(МОРОЗОВА ИРИНА ЕВГЕНЬЕВНА, МБОУ СОШ «ЛИГА ПЕРВЫХ», Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

The history museum of Main Directorate of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russian Federation (Khimki department)

PROFILE	
NAME	<p>The history museum of Main Directorate of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russian Federation (Khimki department)</p>  
TYPE	Complex, local history
EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION	The League of firsts
REGION	Moscow region
ADDRESS	5A Gorshina Street, Khimky, Moscow region, 141407
TELEPHONE	84957871192
E-MAIL	khim mbou Liga 1@mosreg.ru
WEBSITE	<a href="https://liga-schoolhimki.edumsko.ru/about/museums/museum">https://liga-schoolhimki.edumsko.ru/about/museums/museum</a>
MUSEUM EDUCATOR	Elena Yurievna Zhernovkova
OPENING DATE	April 17, 2023
EXHIBITION SECTIONS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.The history of KHMINKI Internal Affairs Department</li> <li>2.The Internal Affairs Department of Moscow region during the Great Patriotic War</li> <li>3.Forever in service</li> <li>4.In hot pursuit (investigative and operational group virtual room)</li> <li>5. The chronicle of units of Main Directorate of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russian Federation (Khimki department)</li> </ol>
BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION	<p>The basic fund counts 192 items, including considerable exhibits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-photo archives of the veterans of Main Directorate of the Ministry of Internal Affairs – I.K.Sobyanin (date of birth 1927), S.I.Efremov (date of birth 1939);</li> <li>-photo and personal belongings of employees who died during the official duties (A.Zvezdin, S.Tolstikov, V.Rastorguyev);</li> <li>-uniform, special equipment and rewards of employees of Main Directorate of the Ministry of Internal Affairs;</li> <li>-forensic technology: ultraviolet forensic lamp (USSR, 1941); -- Soviet medium format two-lens reflex camera "Lyubitel-166V" (production date - 1980-1990);</li> <li>-photo exposure meter "Leningrad 6" (USSR, 1968);</li> <li>-scale camera "Smena-Simvol" (production date 1971-1991);</li> <li>-small format single-lens reflex camera "Zenit E" (production date 1965-1988);</li> <li>-magnifying glasses, microscopes, fingerprint card holder;</li> <li>-printed publications as a gift to the museums from the book's author "Death of Hitler: Federal Security Service opens secret archives" (Lana Parshina, Jean Christophe Brizard), "Secrets of the Stalin family. Confession of the last Dzhugashvili" (Lana Parshina, Semon Bensaad);</li> <li>- "The red star" newspaper reprints;</li> <li>- "Soviet police " magazines;</li> <li>- multi-volume of the Memory book "The died in battles near Moscow".</li> </ul>
	

**KHIMKI MUSEUMS**

(КОРЕНДЯСЕВА ВЕРА НИКОЛАЕВНА, МБОУ СОШ «ЛИГА ПЕРВЫХ», Г. ХИМКИ)

**Khimki museums**

Khimki schools are famous for their graduates and museums opened within their walls. «League of the Firsts» has not become an exception, and it can proudly boast of the museum dedicated to G. N. Babakin. The grand opening of the museum was a spectacular event for all teachers and students. The first director of this museum was T. D. Norkina, a woman who was indifferent to space and its mysteries. Now the head of the museum is I. A. Danilina who is responsible for exhibitions and excursions. Pupils, also, take an active part in their organization.

N. G. Babakin led Lavochkin Design Bureau from 1965 to 1971. He took part into construction spacecraft to study the Moon and other planets of our Solar System: interplanetary stations known as «Moon», series spacecraft known as «Venus» as well as «Mars-2» and «Mars-3».

Into this school museum there are unique exhibits donated by N.G. Babakin, A. A. Moisheev, and A. S. Birukov.

In 2024 portrait-graffiti of the designer of the space program of the Soviet Union, G. N. Babakina, was painted in the school hall.

Museums are a special case into educational system. They teach respect and appreciate traditions, and they contribute to fostering patriotism and cultural cooperation.







**MUSEUM OF MILITARY GLORY OF THE 7<sup>TH</sup> GUARDS RIFLE DIVISION REZHITSA (KHMKI)**  
 (СУШИЛИН АЛЕКСЕЙ АНАТОЛЬЕВИЧ, МБОУ ГИМНАЗИЯ №9, Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary  
 of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

The Museum of Military Glory of the 7th Guards Rifle Division Rezhitsa  
 (MBEI Gymnasium N 9 Khimki)



PROFILE	
NAME	The Museum of Military Glory of the 7th Guards Rifle Division Rezhitsa (MBEI Gymnasium N 9 Khimki) 
TYPE	Complex, military-patriotic
EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION	MBEI Gymnasium N 9
REGION	Moscow region
ADDRESS	7Ave Leninsky, Khimki, Moscow region, 141411
TELEPHONE	+7(495)573-03-50
E-MAIL	khim_mbou_9@mosreg.ru
WEBSITE	<a href="https://sch9himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum">https://sch9himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum</a>
MUSEUM EDUCATOR	Veterans of the 7th Guards Division, director Zholudeva Ekaterina Afanasyevna
OPENING DATE	1960
EXHIBITION SECTIONS	The museum's exposition is divided into several thematic sections: 1) «Our Museum» 2) «900 terrible days and nights» 3) «They didn't give up Moscow» 4) «We brought this day closer as best we could»
BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION	 <p>The museum is dedicated to the 7th Guards division and Soviet soldiers. The museum exhibits also tell about the Battle of Moscow, Hero Cities, battles of the Great Patriotic War. The museum's exposition is divided into several thematic sections. Today there are about 200 authentic exhibits in the museum, of which exhibits around 90. These are items found on battlefields of the 7th Guards, personal items of veterans, transferred to the museum. The most valuable exhibits are the personal belongings of the Major General Kalitaev, including his uniform.</p> <p>On May 17, 2019 pupils defended projects, that were associated with the 7th Guards division. Then these projects added to the museum's collection.</p> <p>There are some Books of Memory Moscow region, Solnechnogorsk district, Khimki and Moscow, as well as the Book of Memory 7<sup>th</sup> Guards division in our museum.</p>

THE HISTORY MUSEUM OF GENERAL SECONDARY SCHOOL №20

(ТИПИКИНА ВИКТОРИЯ АЛЕКСАНДРОВНА, МБОУ СОШ №20 Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 150th anniversary of Our School (1874-2024)

*The history museum of General Secondary School №20 (Khimki department)*

<b>PROFILE</b>	
<b>NAME</b>	<p>The history museum of General Secondary School №20</p> 
<b>TYPE</b>	The history of this school and the history of WWII
<b>ED. ORGANIZATION</b>	General Secondary School №20
<b>REGION</b>	Moscow region
<b>ADDRESS</b>	Moscow region, Khimki, Shkolnaya Street, 2
<b>TELEPHONE</b>	+7(495)574-13-63
<b>E-MAIL</b>	khim_mbou_20@mosreg.ru
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://sch20himki.edumsko.ru/">https://sch20himki.edumsko.ru/</a>
<b>MUSEUM EDUCATOR</b>	Novikov Aleksey Vasilyevich
<b>EXHIBITION SECTIONS</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The history of General Secondary School №20</li> <li>2. The people of this school during WWII and after WWII</li> <li>3. Handcrafted art projects by our students</li> <li>4. Belongings of people during WWII</li> </ol>
<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	
<p>Almost every Russian school has its own museum and these museums are usually about WWII. You can ask why and the answer is simple. It is very important for Russians. A lot of our parents, grandparents (nowadays great-grandparents) were twisted in the war's grinder to give new people (us) an opportunity to live. They wanted to be free and happy, but instead they suffered. It was unfair and cruel, however they were brave and strong enough, so we could be alive and capable of living a normal life. This war was a long time ago, almost 80 years, but we still remember and try to carry our memory through generations. We have different types of events and now I want to share with you some information about our school museum as a type of memory, a gesture of gratitude.</p> <p>Please, try to imagine it with me. It is a small room. It is cool and quiet here. You close the door behind and this space has a lot of photos of people, who you do not know yet. You can see big writings at first, then notice many, many pieces of paper with some stories, information, descriptions. On the left wall, there are some names, embroidered on cloth (all are hand-made by our school's students). Who are they? They are relatives of our students, who are proud of their grandparents.</p> <p>If you look at the bottom part of the room, you will see some objects from military theater or belongings of those people during the war. These things have backstories, so you can read and travel to that time.</p> <p>Let's look at these paper sheets (the photo on the right side). In these photos you can see our students' grandparents and great-grandparents. For example, there is Sukhanov Nikolay Agafonovich. There is some information about him. It is interesting for me, because I have one student, who has same surname. Does it mean it is his relative? It makes me curious, I should ask my student about this next time.</p> <p>Our school has this museum and teaches our students, our future generation, about some things. Firstly, a war is ugly, terrible, and scary. Secondly, show how to be a patriot. Thirdly, give lessons how do not be afraid of fighting for your people. My reader, I do not know you and neither do you, but it would be nice to understand that we would die for each other, if there was a common misfortune. Or if we had different positions, would we be enemies? Would we kill each other for our ideas or would we negotiate? It is very important to remember about cruel events and do not repeat. Do not repeat. Is it funny? Humanity and the rules of our nature are weird, must people always have wars?</p>	
	

**THE MUSEUM OF GLORY AT LICEUM № 12, KHIMKI**

(ОВДЕНКО ИРИНА СЕРГЕЕВНА, МБОУ ЛИЦЕЙ №12 Г. ХИМКИ)

**The Museum of Glory at Liceum № 12, Khimki**

Almost each school in Russia has its own museum, and Liceum No. 12 in Khimki is no exception. This museum was founded by teachers, pupils and their parents shortly after the opening of secondary school No. 12 in a new neighborhood in 1969. The main founder of this great undertaking was its first principal, Alexey Ishutov, a native of Khimki and an excellent history teacher. Having experienced all the difficulties of the front line, he understood how important it is for younger generations to know the truth about war and remember the heroic deeds of our people. Joint activity of the principal, teachers, pupils and parents united them all. Some exhibits for the museum were brought from homes, others were gathered during trips to the cities-heroes: Brest, Kerch, Minsk, Leningrad and others. The museum's funds were replenished with donations from veterans of WWII. The Museum of Glory, created by joint efforts, is a center for civic and patriotic education of young people.



Not only exhibits can be seen in the museum, but you can also get acquainted with the biographies of famous locals. Among them is Tatiana Istomina, an honorary citizen of Khimki, an honored teacher who went through her career path from a village child to the headteacher of a school in Khimki working at school No. 5. She initiated the memorialization of residents of Starbeevo, a settlement in the territory of Khimka, who heroically died during the Great Patriotic War. Students and teachers visited locals, trying to get any information and documents about their relatives. As a result, a monument with 115 names of heroes was erected in Starbeevo. Tatiana Istomina passed away in 2013, but we should remember this outstanding person who devoted her entire life to such noble work.






THE SCHOOL MUSEUM OF GLORY TO THE HEROES OF THE FATHERLAND

(ТЕРЕЩЕНКО ЕКАТЕРИНА ДМИТРИЕВНА, МБОУ СОШ «ЛИДЕР» Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

The School Museum of Glory to the Heroes of the Fatherland

PROFILE	
NAME	The School Museum of Glory to the Heroes of the Fatherland 
TYPE	Complex, local history
EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION	MBOU SOSH "Leader"
REGION	Moscow region
ADDRESS	16 Germana Titova Street, Khimky, Moscow region, 141407
TELEPHONE	+7(495)592-95-92
E-MAIL	khim_mbou_32@mosreg.ru
WEBSITE	<a href="https://sch-lider-himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum">https://sch-lider-himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum</a>
MUSEUM EDUCATOR	Markarian Samvel Asaturovich
OPENING DATE	June 6, 2024
EXHIBITION SECTIONS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The history of the Great Patriotic War</li> <li>2. The history of the city Khimki during the Great Patriotic War</li> <li>3. The numismatic stand</li> <li>4. The virtual museum of the Great Patriotic War</li> </ol>
BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION	<p>The basic fund counts 109 items, including considerable exhibits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-postcards with images of pilots-cosmonauts, the heroes of the Soviet Union Beregovoy G.T. (date of birth 1921) and Shatalov V.A. (date of birth 1927), with their personal autographs;</li> <li>-exhibits found during search expeditions – shell fragments, empty cartridges, helmets, household items of Soviet soldiers (1941-1945);</li> <li>-the historical stand of Khimki;</li> <li>-the numismatic stand;</li> <li>-German helmet;</li> <li>-three models of modern portable self-loading units used today;</li> <li>-informational poster of the Victory Museum on Poklonnaya Gora with a short story about our school museum;</li> <li>-printed materials dedicated to the Great Patriotic War – books, encyclopedias, thematic collections;</li> </ul> <p><b>A significant event for our museum:</b></p> <p>On September 4, 2024, the School "Leader" presented its exhibits at the exhibition "Defending the Capital", which opened in the Victory Museum on Poklonnaya Gora, along with other school museums of the Khimki City District participating in the School Victory Museum program - Khimki Lyceum, lyceums №7 and №21.</p> <p>Markaryan S.A., a museum educator, made a presentation on the topic "At Khimki border of the Moscow Battle of 1941" during the exhibition "Defending the Capital" on September, 4-5, 2024.</p> 
	

THE MUSEUM OF THE 150<sup>TH</sup> SEVASTOPOL, SUVOROV AND KUTUZOV ORDERS OF THE ARMY CANNON AND ARTILLERY BRIGADE

(ПОЛУХИНА ВАЛЕНТИНА СЕРГЕЕВНА, МБОУ СОШ № 14 Г. ХИМКИ)



THE SCHOOL MUSEUM

The Museum of the 150th Sevastopol, Suvorov and Kutuzov Orders of the Army Cannon and Artillery Brigade was established in Secondary School № 14 in Khimki, Moscow region in 1985.

**The history of the museum.** Everything happened unexpectedly: veterans of the Great Patriotic War, who visited the places of their initial actions near Khimki, stopped at the school to have lunch. That day a strong friendship was formed. More than once, veterans came to visit the school for various holidays from all over the former USSR: Bashkiria, Komi, Ukraine and other countries.



On May 25, 1985, a joint decision was made to create at the school a museum of the 150th Sevastopol, the Orders of Suvorov and Kutuzov army cannon and artillery brigade. Of course, a lot of work has been done over the years: searching for missing persons, trips to battlefields, meetings with veterans.



In 1984, a group of students, led by their teacher Svetlana Grigorievna Romanova, visited the excavations at the Saur Grave. As a result, they extracted a small amount of earth from a mass grave stained with the blood of Soviet soldiers. A Catholic icon and a “Guardia” sign were also found there. Some of the exhibits were presented to the museum by veterans.

**The overcoat of the son of the regiment.** This item was personally given to the museum by Nikolai Panteleevich Kryzhkov, the son of the regiment of the 150th Army Cannon and Artillery Brigade. In this overcoat, Kyzhkov walked from Stalingrad to Konigsberg.

**The smoker lamp.** During the war, not all settlements were familiar with electricity. There was also lighting from lamps, candles, kindling, etc. Such "smoker" lamps were repeatedly sung in frontline poems and songs, became almost an integral part of the plots of feature films about the war, and rightfully became one of the symbols of the Great Patriotic War...





At the museum you can also see old photos and private letters of war veterans, military orders and uniform, historical artifacts which can tell you a lot about that severe time of military trials.



**THE MUSEUM OF SCIENTIFIC AND PRODUCTION ASSEMBLY NAMED AFTER S.A. LAVOCHKIN**  
(КАЗАЕВА ЕЛЕНА ВАСИЛЬЕВНА, МБОУ ЛИЦЕЙ №15 Г. ХИМКИ)

The museum of scientific and production assembly named after S.A. Lavochkin.

**PROFILE**

<p><b>NAME</b></p>	<p>The museum of scientific and production assembly named after S.A. Lavochkin.</p> 
<p><b>TYPE</b></p>	<p>Complex</p>
<p><b>EDUCATIONAL ORGANISATION</b></p>	<p>The exposition tells about the history of the enterprise</p>
<p><b>REGION</b></p>	<p>Moscow region</p>
<p><b>ADDRESS</b></p>	<p>24 Leningradskaya Street, Khimki, Moscow region</p>
<p><b>TELEPHONE</b></p>	<p>8 (495) 575-54-67</p>
<p><b>EMAIL</b></p>	<p>npol@laspace.ru</p>
<p><b>OPENING DATE</b></p>	<p>June, 25, 1965</p>
<p><b>SQARE</b></p>	<p>Main exposition - 900 sqare meters, exhibition hall - 100 sqare meters</p>
<p><b>BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION</b></p>	<p>Models of aircraft and missiles developed by the enterprise are presented (LaGG-3, La-5, La-7, Intercontinentile cruise missile “Burya”). The decoration and pride of the museum can rightfully be considered a collection of authentic spacecraft developed by the company and their full-scale models.</p>  <p>The museum regularly conducts excursions for employees, schoolchildren, students, representatives of domestic and foreign aerospace organisations, the media conduct shooting for space-themed programs. About 3,000 people visit the museum every year</p>



**MUSEUM OF MILITARY AND LABOR GLORY  
(MBOU LUNEVSKAYA SECONDARY SCHOOL, KHMKI)**

(ШАПКИНА ЮЛИЯ ВЛАДИМИРОВНА, МБОУ ЛУНЁВСКАЯ СРЕДНЯЯ ОБЩЕОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНАЯ ШКОЛА, Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80-th anniversary of the Victory in the Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

**MUSEUM OF MILITARY AND LABOR GLORY  
(MBOU Lunevskaya secondary school, Khimki)**

**PROFILE**



<p><b>NAME</b></p>	<p>Museum of Military and Labor Glory (MBOU Lunevskaya secondary school, Khimki)</p> 
<p><b>TYPE</b></p>	<p>Military history museum</p>
<p><b>EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION</b></p>	<p>Municipal budgetary educational institution secondary school</p>
<p><b>REGION</b></p>	<p>Moscow region</p>
<p><b>ADDRESS</b></p>	<p>4 A Garazhnaya Street, Moscow region, Khimki, Lunevo village, 141580</p>
<p><b>TELEPHONE</b></p>	<p>7(985)976-67-82</p>
<p><b>E-MAIL</b></p>	<p><a href="mailto:khim_mbou_lunevo@mosreg.ru">khim_mbou_lunevo@mosreg.ru</a></p>
<p><b>WEBSITE</b></p>	<p><a href="http://lunevo-school.ru">lunevo-school.ru</a>&gt;vospitanie/shkolnyj-muzej</p>
<p><b>MUSEUM EDUCATOR</b></p>	<p>Lamm Maria Andreevna</p>
<p><b>OPENING DATE</b></p>	<p>September 15, 1978</p>
<p><b>EXHIBITION SECTIONS</b></p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The Battle of Moscow</li> <li>- The heroes of Victory</li> <li>- The history of one search (about the missing heroes)</li> <li>-Heroes of the Soviet Union</li> <li>-The history of Russian life</li> <li>-History of Lunevo village</li> <li>-The history of our school</li> </ul>
<p><b>BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION</b></p> 	<p>The basic fund counts 123 items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-original documents(military newspapers 1943-1945, full information about N.Nikonov – the hero of the Soviet Union )</li> <li>-photocopies of documents (about the M.Kulack 's heroic act – the pilot of the USSR)</li> <li>- veterans' photographs (1941-19145)</li> <li>-things related to the participation of residents of the village Lunevo in the Great Patriotic War(machine gun, Soviet and Germany helmets, different grenades,shell casings, backpacks and others)</li> <li>-facts about graduates and teachers of the school(1978-2023)</li> <li>-old household items(spinning wheels, cradles,samovars, gramophones,dishes and clothes)</li> </ul>

**THE AIR AND SPACE MUSEUM OF KHIMKI AEROSPACE LYCEUM**

(ДЕМЕНЕВА АНАСТАСИЯ ЮРЬЕВНА, МАОУ АЭРОКОСМИЧЕСКИЙ ЛИЦЕЙ Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the achievements in the field of aviation

**The Air and Space Museum of Khimki Aerospace Lyceum**

PROFILE	
NAME	<p>The Air and Space Museum of Khimki Aerospace Lyceum</p> 
TYPE	Complex, local history, aviation
EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION	Khimki Aerospace Lyceum
REGION	Moscow region
ADDRESS	18 Kurkinskoe highway, Khimki, Moscow region, 141407
TELEPHONE	+7(495)571-41-91
E-MAIL	khim_maou_AKL@mosreg.ru
WEBSITE	<a href="https://akl-himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum">https://akl-himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum</a>
MUSEUM EDUCATOR	Nadezhda Anatol'evna Galstyan
OPENING DATE	2005
EXHIBITION SECTIONS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The pioneers of space;</li> <li>2. The glorious Khimki land;</li> <li>3. The chronicle of school life;</li> <li>4. The lyceum's cooperation with the Lavochkin Scientific and Production Association;</li> <li>5. A medal for battle, a medal for labor;</li> <li>6. No one is forgotten, nothing is forgotten;</li> <li>7. Cosmonauts visiting lyceum students.</li> </ol>
BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION	<p>The basic fund counts 173 items, including considerable exhibits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Collection of airplanes and helicopters</li> <li>- Collection of badges</li> <li>- Collection of satellites and lunar rovers</li> <li>- Collection of stars and east</li> <li>- Diploma of the Tsiolkovsky Academy</li> <li>- Collection of badges Lavochkin</li> <li>- Gift from veterans of the cosmodrome</li> <li>- Rocket model</li> <li>- Model of the first earth satellite</li> <li>- Model of the Vostok rocket</li> <li>- Information stand Lavochkin</li> <li>- Stand man in space</li> <li>- Information about the first cosmonauts</li> <li>- Document Baikonur</li> <li>- Cosmonaut uniform</li> </ul>
	

THE MUSEUM "OUR HISTORY"

(ЖАМАЛЕТДИНОВА ИННА ИВАНОВНА, МБОУ ГИМНАЗИЯ № 23 Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

## The museum "OUR HISTORY"

in MBOU Gymnasium No. 23, Khimki (Building 3, Firсанovka district)

The museum was opened on September 1, 2004. The idea of creating a comprehensive museum "Our History" belonged to Marina Alexandrovna Ponomareva (director of MBOU Secondary School No. 24 until 2021) and Lyudmila Vasilievna Malkova, a teacher of history and social studies.

Since 2019, the head of the museum has been a history teacher, Honorary Worker of General Education of the Russian Federation Novikova Galina Dmitrievna.

Since April 15, 2024, the school museum has been included in the Federal Register of School Museums of Russia (Museum registration number 24-1765866523 <https://disk.yandex.ru/d/-Z67apmSOxsRHg>).



### The school museum consists of four exhibition complexes:

1. Peasant life at the end of the XIX-th the first half of the XX century. Crafts and crafts, agricultural items, interior elements of a peasant house are presented.



2. Country life of the late XIX – early XX century. Photos and objects of famous summer residents and their guests who visited the vicinity of Firсанovka district, interior items.

3. The history of the region. Subsections of the exposition: "Firсанovka settlement", "Serednikovo Manor", "History of the school".



4. The history of the Great Patriotic War. Materials about the Battle for Moscow with a local history focus are presented; about veterans of the Great Patriotic War who lived/reside in Firсанovka.

The main fund of the Museum consists of 350 items of storage, including a collection of household items, books, phonographic records, awards, personal belongings of veterans, photographs, and a polytechnic collection. In addition to the main fund, there are items from the scientific and auxiliary fund - 210 storage units, in accordance with the theme of the expositions. The museum's collection also includes items from personal collections.





THE HISTORY MUSEUM “DEFENCE LINES” OF THE STATE FUNDED EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION “SCHOOL PERSPECTIVA”

(ИВЛИЕВА ИРИНА СЕРГЕЕВНА, ГБОУ «ШКОЛА ПЕРСПЕКТИВА» Г. МОСКВА)

The article is dedicated to the 80<sup>th</sup> anniversary of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

The history museum “Defence lines” of the State-funded educational institution “School Perspektiva”.

Profile

NAME	 
TYPE	The local military history museum
EDUCATIONAL ORGANISATION	State-funded educational institution “School Perspektiva”.
REGION	Moljaninovskiy district, Moscow
ADDRESS	11A Sinyavinskaya Street, Moscow,141411
TELEPHONE	9-499-284-14-80
E-MAIL	Stahova_natali@mail.ru
WEBSITE	<a href="#">ГБОУ Школа Перспектива, Москва</a>
MUSEUM EDUCATOR	Khazova Natalia Valerievna
OPENING DATE	April 15,2019
EXHIBITION SECTIONS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.The battle for Moscow exposition</li> <li>2. The memory book</li> <li>3. Face book exposition</li> <li>4. Honour desk</li> </ol>
<p>BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION</p>   	<p>The museum collection comprises over several hundred artefacts, such as personal belongings of military leaders and soldiers, letters from the front, awards, weapons, uniforms, and other rare items. Thus, the visitor may connect with this historical epoch through its relics.</p> <p>The museum space presents the contribution to the Victory of the home front hard workers - hundreds of citizens of the district as well as scientists, health and cultural workers, all those who selflessly worked for the benefit of the country during the tough years of the Great Patriotic War.</p> <p>The museum is showcasing a collection of photographs, each depicting a real hero – a father or grandfather of the residents in the area. These unique images have been gifted to the museum to preserve the memory of the veterans and events in the history of the local community.</p> <p>The exhibition offers an opportunity to learn more about the lives of those people who made significant contribution to the Victory and fought bravely.</p>




**THE GYMNASIUM HISTORY MUSEUM**

(БОБКОВА СВЕТЛАНА НИКОЛАЕВНА, МБОУ ШКОЛА «ТРИУМФ» Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary  
of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

**The Gymnasium History Museum**

**PROFILE**

<p>NAME</p> 	<p>The Gymnasium History Museum</p> 
<p>TYPE</p>	<p>local history museum</p>
<p>EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION</p>	<p>MBOU School "Triumph" Khimki</p>
<p>REGION</p>	<p>Moscow region</p>
<p>ADDRESS</p>	<p>6, Pervomaiskaya Street, Khimki, Moscow region, 141402</p>
<p>TELEPHONE</p>	<p>+7(495)572-86-27, +7(495)573-24-98</p>
<p>E-MAIL</p>	<p><a href="mailto:khim_mbou_Triumpf@mosreg.ru">khim_mbou_Triumpf@mosreg.ru</a></p>
<p>WEBSITE</p>	<p><a href="https://school-triumf.edumsko.ru/about/museum">https://school-triumf.edumsko.ru/about/museum</a></p>
<p>MUSEUM EDUCATOR</p>	<p>Albina Randina</p>
<p>OPENING DATE</p>	<p>November 27, 2023</p>
<p>EXHIBITION SECTIONS</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. At the beginning</li> <li>2. School in the years of the Great Patriotic War</li> <li>3. Postwar years</li> <li>4. The Komsomol</li> <li>5. School Young Pioneers</li> <li>6. Little Octobrists</li> <li>7. What is in the school bag</li> <li>8. Russia and Great Britain</li> <li>9. In the world of economics</li> <li>10. Our creative experiences</li> <li>11. The history of the school organizations</li> <li>12. The awards expositions of achievements in sports and art</li> </ol>
<p>BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION</p> 	<p>The basic fund counts more than 1000 items, including considerable exhibits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- photo archives of the 1930s;</li> <li>- photo archives of the 1940s;</li> <li>- photo archives of the 1950s–1990s;</li> <li>- photo archives of the 2000s;</li> <li>- photo and personal belongings of employees and students who participated in the Great Patriotic War;</li> <li>- archive of the museum founder T.F.Kokhanova;</li> <li>- archive of the school club "Poisk";</li> <li>- archive of the school teachers;</li> <li>- archive of video recordings of teachers and school;</li> <li>- memory recordings of teachers, school students and their parents;</li> <li>- uniform, special equipment and rewards of the school organization of the Soviet period;</li> <li>- exhibits of the teaching aids of the 1960s-1970s;</li> <li>- printed publications of the Soviet period;</li> <li>- school things of the student from the 20th century;</li> <li>- school periodical press;</li> <li>- school desk of the Soviet period (Erisman's desk);</li> <li>- school uniform of the Soviet period;</li> <li>- uniform of the Soviet Piopeer;</li> <li>- school textbooks for Primary school of 1950s-1960s</li> </ul>



THE MUSEUM "HONOR OF RUSSIA"

(ПИЧУТИНА НАТАЛЬЯ ВЛАДИМИРОВНА, ЮСУПОВА БЕЛА САЙДУЛЛОВНА, МБОУ СОШ №19 Г. ХИМКИ)

# АЛЛЕЯ СЛАВЫ

# The Museum "Honor of Russia"

in MBOU No. 19, Khimki



Our school museum was opened on the May 6th, 2015. It was appeared not as a museum but an exhibition of Russian Great Victories in historical wars. The exhibition is curated by our history and social studies teacher.

Later the special exposition was opened on the fourth floor of the school. It was students' essays with unique photos. Children wrote about their relatives who took part in the Great Patriotic War. Now everybody could read about their heroic deed.



Our school museum was created long time ago. Each exhibit has its own history. Some of them were donated by teachers or pupils.

Everybody was glad to paid respect to the memory of the great history of our country.

The school museum consists of two halls.

- ✚ In the first hall there are medals, military tickets, documents, letters, newspapers, posters of that time and other unique exhibits.
- ✚ The second hall is the Walk of Fame, a place of remembrance where the students of our school brought portraits and biographies of their ancestors to preserve the memory of the valor and heroism of the people.





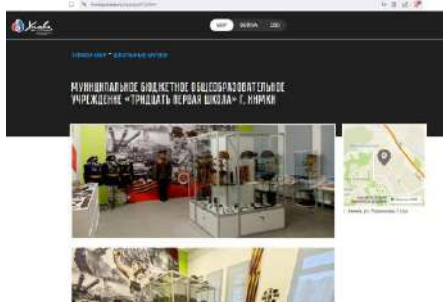
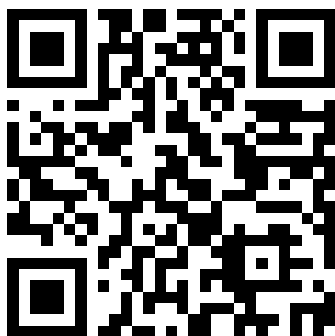
**THE MUSEUM OF MILITARY GLORY**

(ГОРБАТЕНКО ИРИНА ВАЛЕРЬЕВНА, МБОУ «ТРИДЦАТЬ ПЕРВАЯ ШКОЛА» Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

The Museum of Military Glory

PROFILE	
NAME	<p>The exhibition of the Museum of Military Glory is based on artifacts found beneath the city of Rzhev during excavations conducted by the director of the museum - Andrei Petrovich Krasnobai, as part of the search group "Victory."</p> 
TYPE	military history
EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION	«31 <sup>st</sup> school» Khimki
REGION	Moscow region
ADDRESS	3/1 Rodionova Street, Khimki, Moscow region, 141410
TELEPHONE	+7(498)683-67-49
E-MAIL	<a href="mailto:khim_mbou_31_shkola@mosreg.ru">khim_mbou_31_shkola@mosreg.ru</a>
WEBSITE	<a href="https://sch31himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum">https://sch31himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum</a>
MUSEUM EDUCATOR	Andrei Petrovich Krasnobai
OPENING DATE	May 7, 2019
EXHIBITION SECTIONS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. artifacts found beneath the city of Rzhev during excavations</li> <li>2. equipment of Red Army soldiers and Wehrmacht soldiers</li> <li>3. war animals</li> <li>4. belongings and documents of soldiers</li> <li>5. the blockaded Leningrad</li> </ol>
BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION	<p>The main goal of the work of search group was to search for soldiers who died during the Great Patriotic War and to reconstruct information about these warriors.</p> <p>Items of soldiers' everyday life. Kettles and flasks, mugs and spoons - inseparable companions of the soldier on front roads. They accompanied the soldiers everywhere: in the rear, on the march, on the front lines in trenches. These things we often see in front-line photos, they are mentioned in the stories of War veterans.</p> <p>The soldiers looked after their wares, appreciated them. Often on pots and flasks the fighters wrote their names and initials. This kind of signature thing is a welcome find for the search, because in some cases, it is an opportunity to know the name of the soldier found and establish his fate on the front. Sometimes, on the body of an aluminum pot or flask together with the inscription can be seen and simple drawing made by the soldier's hand. «Art» of this kind was spread on the front in the intervals between battles. It happened that the soldiers' dishes passed into other hands, then the name of the new owner appeared on it..</p> <p>The practical significance of the exhibition is that the collected and generalized material on the Great Patriotic War can be used in the preparation of educational classes on history. The exhibits presented in the exhibition will be useful in extracurricular work to increase the effectiveness of civic and patriotic education of students. Based on the results of the work, a virtual exhibition was created dedicated to 80-anniversary of the victory of the Soviet people over fascist Germany, which will allow to hold interactive classes and mobile excursions, which will allow more students to be introduced to military history.</p>



MUSEUM OF THE HISTORY OF THE REGION AND THE SCHOOL

(ЯРКОВАЯ СВЕТЛАНА ЛЕОНИДОВНА, МБОУ СОШ «НАСЛЕДИЕ» Г. ХИМКИ)

“Museum of the History of the region and the school.”

The article describes the importance of patriotic education in a modern school using the example of School «Heritage» in Khimki. The opening of a school museum dedicated to the Khimki Region is an important step in this direction.



Among the many tasks of modern education, fostering patriotism and love for one's native land occupies a prominent place. To achieve this goal On December 23, 1998, at the initiative of the teachers of the municipal budgetary educational institution of the general secondary school "Heritage" in Khimki, «the Museum of the History of the Region and the School» was established. The museum occupies 2 classrooms on the 3rd floor with a total area of 56 square meters. The time from the age of 30-80 was difficult, but at the same time happy for everyone. The museum's extensive collection includes 11 exhibitions and various exhibits illustrating how the Khimki Region developed. Museum exhibitions tell the story of Khimki villages, as well as the village of Petrovskoye-Lobanovo; it tells about the way of life and traditions of peasants and nobles who lived in the Moscow region. It tells the story of the formation of the Khimki city district, the history of the pioneer and Komsomol organizations. An exhibition dedicated to Vasily Pavlovich Mishin, a graduate of the school, and Sergey Pavlovich Korolev, Deputy General Designer, is presented separately. The museum's collections include a list of 1941 school graduates, war exhibits, documents and photographs from the archives of teachers who worked at the school in the 30s and 50s, classroom magazines, certificates of completion of elementary and seven-year schools, school and pioneer uniforms, diplomas and textbooks. The museum's funds also contain a large number of exhibits from the scientific and auxiliary fund. These are copies of documents from the archive of the family of Vasily Pavlovich Mishin, a graduate of the school in 1931. This museum presents copies of documents from the city archive about the school's work during the war years, as well as memoirs and local history literature. The children enjoy visiting the museum and sharing their impressions with friends and family.

Key words

- Patriotism
- Relics
- The Order
- funds
- Exhibits
- Deputy General Designer
- extensive
- memoirs

Discussion:

1. Why is patriotic education considered one of the most important tasks of a modern school?
2. What are the main aims and objectives of the school museum " Museum of the History of the region and the school."?
3. What are the most important exhibits in the museum and why?
4. How can the opening of the museum affect the patriotic education of students?
5. Do you consider it advisable to create museums dedicated to the history of your native land and patriotism, why?



**ARTISHOK EXHIBITION CENTER IN KHMINKI**

(КУЗНЕЦОВА ТАТЬЯНА АЛЕКСАНДРОВНА, НЕЗАВИСИМЫЙ ЭКСПЕРТ)

**Artishock exhibition center**

Artishock is an exhibition center in Khimki which was opened in November 2018. Since then it has become very popular among citizens.

This year there are two important dates in the life of the town 85 years of Khimki and 80 years of Victory over fascism in the Great Patriotic War.

The exhibition center organized a festival of school museums in Artishock. The aim of this exhibition was to remind the younger generation about the importance of significant dates in the life of our country.

More than 500 exhibits were brought to the exhibition from 19 schools; these are artifacts from the time of the Great Patriotic War, trophies from special military operation in Ukraine.

There were also rare objects from the history of the town and a special stand devoted to the virtual museum of Khimki. "Khimki 1941-1945 everything for the front, everything for the victory."

The festival has become one of the key events in the life of the town. The motto of the event was "Success in the unity of generations"

More than 2000 people visited this festival. The guides were schoolchildren from Khimki schools.

Everybody remembers that Khimki was one of the last point of defence of Moscow in autumn 1941. The famous monument Ezhi was erected on Leningradskoye Highway to mark the line of defence.

This project gives opportunity to understand the history of the town better and its contribution to our common victory.





**MUSEUM OUTSIDE SCHOOL. CONNECTION OF GENERATIONS**

(КУЗНЕЦОВА ТАТЬЯНА АЛЕКСАНДРОВНА, НЕЗАВИСИМЫЙ ЭКСПЕРТ)

**The unity of generations****Museum outside school**

The President announced year 2025 the year of the defender of the Motherland. In every large city, in small towns and villagers there are monuments to those who defended our Motherland during the Great patriotic War and in other war conflicts.

I have been living in a small settlement Podrezkovo (now it is a part of Khimki). There are several monuments to those who gave their lives for our future.

The first one was opened in 1967 in Cherkizovo (now part of Moscow Molzhaninovo). The village of Cherkizovo was first mentioned in the 16<sup>th</sup> century and mentioned in the famous novel "The trip from Petersburg to Moscow. A final line of defense was between two villagers Cherkizovo and Kirillovka, from this point German fascists could see the stars of Moscow Kremlin in binoculars. A lot of men and women became soldiers. Now most of their names are on memorial plate on the monument. We can see the whole families who were perished in battles of the war.

Practically at the same time another moment was opened in the village of Kirillovka, later it was removed to the front building of local administration.

The newest monument was erected in Molzhaninovo, the monument to a soldier in 2014.

I have been living in the street named after my former pupil Igor Zharinov who heroically perished in Afghanistan in 1978 and awarded the order of Red Star. In 2020, the monument called "Star" appeared in a garden named after Igor Zharinov.





The connection of generations is very strong, hundreds of people pass by these monuments every day, and of course, they remember their heroes.



**MILITARY-PATRIOTIC MUSEUM "WAR-SEARCH-MEMORY"**

(КОЗЬМИК ОЛЬГА ВАСИЛЬЕВНА, МБОУ СОШ №8 ИМ. В. И. МАТВЕЕВА Г. ХИМКИ)

Military-Patriotic Museum "War-Search-Memory"  
MBOU Secondary School № 8 named after. V.I. Matveev

PROFILE	
NAME	<p>Military-Patriotic Museum "War-Search-Memory"</p> 
TYPE	Military history of Russia
EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION	MBOU Secondary School № 8 named after. V.I. Matveev
REGION	Moscow region
ADDRESS	23A Mayakovskogo Street, Khimky, Moscow region, 141400
TELEPHONE	84957871192
E-MAIL	khim_mbou_8@mosreg.ru
WEBSITE	<a href="https://sch8himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum">https://sch8himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum</a>
MUSEUM EDUCATOR	Lyubov Nikolaevna Nagaeva
OPENING DATE	First opened in 1966, renovated in 15/12/2022
EXHIBITION SECTIONS	 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. School graduates - participants in local wars</li> <li>2. Participation of the 352 Orsha Red Banner, Order of Suworov Rifle Division in the Battle of Moscow</li> <li>3. The history of one exhibit. Ivan Bogolyub's spoon</li> <li>4. History of the 352 Orsha Red Banner, Order of Suworov Rifle Division in painting</li> <li>5. The division's combat path from Khimki to Prague: people and years</li> <li>6. Heroes are not born. People become heroes in battle</li> <li>7. Your name is Winner</li> <li>8. Heroes never die. Heroes live in our memory</li> <li>9. Yu.M. Prokofiev - 1st division commander of the 352nd rifle division</li> <li>10. Bugulma: birth of the 352nd Rifle Division</li> </ol>
BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION	<p>The museum's exhibitions tells students, youth and residents of the city. Khimki about the formation of the 352nd Infantry Division in the city of Bugulma of the Tatar Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic in August-November 1941, intended for the defense of Moscow, and further participation in military operations near Solnechnogorsk and Volokolamsk, in the Gzhatsk operation, in the liberation of Orsha and Minsk, the capture of Koenigsberg and until the victorious May in Czechoslovakia, about the Heroes of the Soviet Union...</p> <p>To open the "War – Search – Memory" museum, artifacts were collected from the sites of military operations of the Great Patriotic War, from post-war excavation sites, including those from the battlefields, the school stores materials with memories of participants of the 352nd Infantry Division about military operations, albums with authentic photographs of meetings of veterans of the Council of the 352nd Infantry Division, trips to places of military glory.</p> <p>The museum has a new exhibition, which has developed an excursion route "The History of the 352 Orsha Red Banner, Order of Suworov Rifle Division in Painting". Valery Anatolyevich Yevseyev, a member of the Union of Artists of the Moscow Region, donated oil paintings to the museum dedicated to the history of the division. The museum's section "Heroes Never Die. Heroes Live in Our Memory" (the combat path of Timofey Vorobeykin, a fighter of the SMO) has been replenished with exhibits and personal belongings of the deceased hero, in whose honor a lilac bush was planted in the school Alley of Heroes "Lilac of Victory" on May 1, 2023 by Timofey's fellow soldiers.</p>  


THE MUSEUM OF MILITARY GLORY AND LOCAL HISTORY

(МАЛИКОВ ДМИТРИЙ ДМИТРИЕВИЧ, МАОУ ЛИЦЕЙ № 21 Г. ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

# The Museum of Military Glory and Local History

PROFILE

NAME	The Museum of Military Glory and Local History
	
REGION	Moscow region
ADDRESS	Khimki, Skhodnya residential district, 2nd Chapaevsky Lane, 3a
TELEPHONE	+7 (495) 574-28-47
E-MAIL	khim_maou_21@mosreg.ru
WEBSITE	<a href="https://sch21himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum">https://sch21himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum</a>
MUSEUM DIRECTOR	Natalia Ivanovna Nikonorkina

The foundation of the school museum, “The Museum of Military Glory and Local History,” was established in 1954. Since then, significant efforts have been devoted to studying the local region. The museum began collecting materials about school alumni who perished during the Great Patriotic War and a memorial plaque was installed in their honor.

In the late 1960s, the school’s search group undertook extensive and successful work to gather historical records about the N.F. Gastello Partisan Detachment.

The museum highlights notable local figures, including:

- **Vladimir Tyukov** — Hero of the Soviet Union and a former student of the school.
- **Alexei Petrov** — Recipient of three Orders of Glory.
- **Vera Dulova** — People’s Artist of the USSR and an internationally renowned harpist.
- **Christopher Ledentsov** — A pre-revolutionary merchant and landowner in the village.

Visitors can also view works by artists **Vasily Bokin**, **Vladimir Baturin**, **Felix Evmenko**, and **Georgy Krasilnikov**, who captured the landscapes of **Skhodnya** and its surroundings.

The exhibits feature artifacts such as battlefield relics, historical objects, glassblowing crafts from local cooperatives (*artels*), and more.



Medal “For Valorous Labour in the Great Patriotic War”



Machine gun belt



**SCHOOL MUSEUM OF THE MUNICIPAL SECONDARY SCHOOL №30 OF KHMKI**

(СМИРНОВ ИВАН ВИКТОРОВИЧ, МБОУ СОШ № 30 Г. ХИМКИ)



**School museum of The Municipal Secondary School №30 of Khimki**

Every Russian school has its own rich history and traditions. It's commonplace for regional state schools to have its own museums to keep the memory of the past alive. So, our wonderful school is not exception. As the history of our neighborhood dates back to 16<sup>th</sup> century creating a museum was a real necessity. Our staff and students have been collecting artifacts for years, enriching the museum's collection!



The museum was opened in 2017. Its opening was timed to coincide with the day of the lifting of the siege of Leningrad. The purpose of the school museum is to promote the formation of interest in national history and respect for the moral values of past generations, the development of communicative competencies, research skills of students, and support for children's creative abilities. The museum is filled with a large number of exhibits, which contain materials about the heroic feat of the Soviet people during the Great Patriotic War, as well as materials on the great battles of Russia. The museum has created and is constantly updating an exhibition dedicated to the Hero of the Soviet Union, Lieutenant General A.A. Dyakonov. As part of the patriotic education at the school, communication with veterans of our district has been established. Such work has borne fruit in the form of participation in municipal, regional and All-Russian contests of historical and local lore. In addition, the museum hosts meetings with WWII veterans, open lessons dedicated to the heroes of Russia and the Soviet Union, as well as conferences on the development of school museums and the development and instilling interest in history in school students.



**ACTIVITY**

Imagine that you are collecting artefacts for your school museum. Which ones do you select and why? Are there artefacts which should be considered of greater importance than others?

**DISCUSS**

What famous museums do you know?  
Do you like visiting museums? Why or why not.  
Whether we can learn our history while in museums?  
Are you interested in supporting local museums?

**THE MUSEUM OF CHILDHOOD OF LYCEUM 15, KHIMKI**

(ПАНКРАШКИНА АННА АЛЕКСАНДРОВНА, МБОУ ЛИЦЕЙ №15 Г.ХИМКИ)

This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary of the great victory in the Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

The Museum of Childhood of Lyceum 15, Khimki

<b>PROFILE</b>	
<b>NAME</b>	The Museum of Childhood 
<b>TYPE</b>	School museum
<b>EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION</b>	Lyceum 15, Khimki
<b>REGION</b>	Moscow region
<b>ADDRESS</b>	2A, Melnikova Avenue, Khimki, Moscow region
<b>TELEPHONE</b>	8-495-571-22-71
<b>E-MAIL</b>	<a href="mailto:khim_mbou_15@mosreg.ru">khim_mbou_15@mosreg.ru</a>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://sch15himki.edumsko.ru/">https://sch15himki.edumsko.ru/</a>
<b>MUSEUM EDUCATOR</b>	Vera Moiseenko
<b>OPENING DATE</b>	April 22, 2024
<b>EXHIBITION SECTIONS</b>	1.The history of Khimki 2.The life of children in Khimki during the Great Patriotic War. The life of children in Khimki during the 20th century 3. The history of the Lyceum
<b>BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION</b>	The basic fund includes different exhibits: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a natural installation of a Soviet-era student's workplace with original objects: clothes, desk, writing materials</li> <li>• magazines from the 70s and 90s about children and education</li> <li>• pioneer's uniform with original inscriptions</li> <li>• typewriters, telephones, turntables of various modifications</li> <li>• authentic books from the early 20th century, which tell about the lives of children and the Soviet people</li> <li>• mock-ups of historical documents and authentic documents</li> </ul>
 	 



MUSEUM OF MILITARY AND LABOR GLORY «THE HISTORY OF THE FAMILY IS IN THE HISTORY OF THE COUNTRY»

(АКШАЕВА ТАТЬЯНА ИВАНОВНА, МБОУ СОШ №19, Г. ХИМКИ)



This article is dedicated to the 80th anniversary of Great Victory in Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)

MUSEUM OF MILITARY AND LABOR GLORY

«The history of the family is in the history of the country»

in MBOU SECONDARY GENERAL EDUCATION SCHOOL No. 19, Khimki (78A Brekhovo village)

The museum was opened on February 18, 2005 thanks to the teacher of Russian language and literature of school No. 19, G. V. Polosina. The main activity on the creation of the school museum lasted from September 2004 to January 2005 (restoration of museum exhibits, search and design of materials for new exhibitions). During this time, a large circle of friends and partners grew up around the museum – students of the school, their parents, teachers, and villagers who took an active part in replenishing the museum with exhibits.

**The main sections of the exhibition:**

➤ *The history of the family in the history of the country. The section of the exhibition presents exhibits on the history of family trees related to the history of Russia and neighboring countries.*

1. Ancestry of the Anchikhrova Galina Alekseevna family (a veteran mathematics teacher), the family comes from Leningrad, was in Besieged Leningrad during the Great Patriotic War.

2. Olesya Ivanova's family tree. The members of the family were home front workers during the Great Patriotic War.

3. Ksenia Kuznetsova's family tree. The family is from the Volga region. The members of the family were defenders of the Motherland, home front workers during the Great Patriotic War and builders of a new future in peacetime.

4. Hero of the Soviet Union Alexander Asmanov

- *Roads of war*
- *Our region of Khimki*
- *Graduates of the school are defenders of the Fatherland*
- *Decorative and applied art*



The museum also contains materials dedicated to the Battle of Moscow; a map of the defense of Moscow; a map of the Soviet counteroffensive near Moscow; the stories of the defenders of Moscow; posters from 1941; newspapers with speeches by I.V. Stalin and other leaders of the Soviet state; awards (medals) of the Great Patriotic War; an appeal to


Soviet citizens on the defense of the capital of our Motherland, Moscow; books on the defense of Moscow and the heroism of its inhabitants; the history of the poster "Motherland is calling!"; helmets of the Soviet soldier; cartridges and shell casings from the Great Patriotic War; a shell fragment from near Volokolamsk.





**HISTORY AND LOCAL LORE MUSEUM OF MBOU LYCEUM №10 OF KHMINKI NAMED AFTER B.A. PAVLOV**

(БАБАЯН АРМИНЕ АРМЕНОВНА, МАОУ ЛИЦЕЙ № 21 Г. ХИМКИ)

<i>PROFILE</i>	
<i>NAME</i>	History and Local Lore Museum of MBOU Lyceum №10 of Khimki named after B.A. Pavlov. 
<i>TYPE</i>	Museum, local history
<i>EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION</i>	MBOU Lyceum №10, Khimky
<i>REGION</i>	Moscow region
<i>ADDRESS</i>	Parkovaya 10 steet, Khimky, Moscow region, 141410
<i>TELEPHONE</i>	+7(926)600-31-05
<i>E-MAIL</i>	<a href="mailto:khim_mbou_10@mosreg.ru">khim_mbou_10@mosreg.ru</a>
<i>WEBSITE</i>	<a href="https://sch10himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum">https://sch10himki.edumsko.ru/about/museum</a>
<i>MUSEUM EDUCATOR</i>	Strelova Ekaterina Andreevna
<i>OPENING DATE</i>	November 17, 2007
<i>EXHIBITION SECTIONS</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Our fellow countryman - Pavlov B.A.</li> <li>2. History of Khimki land</li> <li>3. Town-forming enterprises</li> <li>4. Khimki during the Great Patriotic War</li> <li>5. The streets are named after them...</li> <li>6. Commemorative and Historical Places of the city of Khimki</li> <li>7. History of MBOU Lyceum №10</li> </ol>
<i>BASIC FUND DESCRIPTION</i>	<p>Our museum bears the name of Boris Alekseevich Pavlov - Doctor of Medical Sciences, local historian and holder of the Order of St. Sergius of Radonezhskiy 3rd degree.</p> <p>Boris Alekseevich worked for more than 30 years in the Ministry of Emergency Situations - 119 and 9 years taught at the Lyceum local lore and basics of medical knowledge.</p> <p>Our museum is unique. It contains family trees of our pupils, stories about the Great Patriotic War, questionnaires of veterans. In addition, the museum presents attributes of the war: helmets, casings, personal belongings of soldiers, remains of RGD grenades and much more. The area of the museum is 57.9 square meters. It has 2 sections: local history and historical.</p> <p>The main task of the museum is to preserve original objects from the time of the Great Patriotic War, to foster patriotism and a sense of pride for the Motherland and the people who defeated fascism. For this, the museum holds meetings with veterans and home front workers, who during those harsh years gave their best for this long-awaited "Victory Day" to come.</p>
